

Youngest Sailor To Sail Around The World

Youngest Sailor To Sail Around The World

Downloaded from evoluir.abar.org.br by Yazmin & Mclean

THE UNSTOPPABLE SPIRIT: WHO IS THE YOUNGEST SAILOR TO SAIL AROUND THE WORLD?

The open ocean has always called to adventurers, whispering promises of discovery, solitude, and the ultimate test of human endurance. For centuries, the dream of circumnavigating the globe has inspired explorers to push beyond their limits. However, in recent decades, a new kind of explorer has emerged: the young teenager, alone on a vast sea, chasing a record that is both awe-inspiring and controversial. The quest to become the youngest sailor to sail around the world has captivated the public imagination, sparking debates about safety, parental responsibility, and the very nature of childhood adventure. This article explores the remarkable stories of these young mariners, the records they set, and the indelible mark they have left on the world of sailing.

Defining the Record: Solo, Non-Stop, and Assisted Circumnavigations

Before diving into the stories, it is essential to understand the definitions that govern these records. Not all voyages around the world are created equal. The sailing community, along with organizations like the World Sailing Speed Record Council (WSSRC) and Guinness World Records, have specific criteria for what constitutes a legitimate circumnavigation. The most prominent categories include:

- **Solo Circumnavigation:** The sailor completes the voyage alone, without any crew members or passengers on board.
- **Non-Stop Circumnavigation:** The sailor completes the voyage without stopping at any port, without receiving any external assistance, and without pulling into a harbor.
- **Assisted Circumnavigation:** The sailor may make stops at ports for supplies, repairs, or rest, and may receive some form of logistical support, though they remain the sole person sailing the boat.

It is crucial to note that Guinness World Records ceased accepting claims for the "youngest" category for solo circumnavigations in 2012, citing concerns over the safety and wellbeing of minors. However, the historical records remain intact, and the stories of these young sailors continue to inspire and provoke discussion. The title of the youngest sailor to sail around the world is often associated with the youngest person to complete a solo voyage with stops, as non-stop voyages are statistically rarer and often require a different level of preparation.

The Reigning Record Holder: Laura Dekker

As of today, the title of the youngest person to sail solo around the world is held by **Laura Dekker** from the Netherlands. Born in 1995 on a sailboat in New Zealand, Laura was seemingly destined for a life at sea. She learned to sail before she could walk and spent much of her childhood living on a yacht with her family. Her dream of circumnavigating the globe began at a very young age, and at just 14 years old, she announced her intention to sail around the world alone.

Laura's journey was not a simple tale of adventure. It was mired in legal and social controversy. The Dutch child protection services intervened, arguing that such a voyage would be dangerous and detrimental to a young girl's development. A lengthy court battle ensued, with Laura fighting for the right to pursue her dream. The court eventually granted her custody to her father, with the condition that she complete a series of safety and navigation courses, as well as a psychological evaluation. In August 2010, she finally set sail from Gibraltar on her 38-foot ketch, *Guppy*.

Laura's voyage lasted 518 days. She sailed across the Atlantic, through the Panama Canal, across the Pacific, around the Cape of Good Hope (she rounded the Cape of Good Hope and Cape Leeuwin, but due to canal transit, her route was not a pure non-stop voyage), and back to the Atlantic. She made multiple stops along the way, visiting islands and experiencing local cultures. On January 21, 2012, at the age of 16 years and 362 days, she sailed into St. Maarten, completing her circumnavigation. Her journey was officially recognized by Guinness World Records as the youngest solo circumnavigation (with stops).

The Contenders: Other Remarkable Young Sailors

Laura Dekker's achievement stands tall, but she is far from the only young sailor to attempt this monumental feat. Several other teenagers have etched their names into the history books, each with their own unique story of determination and resilience.

JESSICA WATSON: THE YOUNGEST NON-STOP CIRCUMNAVIGATOR

Perhaps the most famous name in this category is **Jessica Watson** from Australia. Just a few months before Laura Dekker set sail, Jessica was already making headlines. At the age of 16, she set out from Sydney in her 34-foot yacht, *Ella's Pink Lady*, with the goal of becoming the youngest person to sail solo, non-stop, and unassisted around the world.

Jessica's journey was not without its harrowing moments. She faced severe storms, capsized several times (including a dramatic knockdown in the Southern Ocean), and had to endure weeks of complete solitude. Her voyage took 210 days, and she sailed a total of over 23,000 nautical miles. She returned to a hero's welcome in Sydney Harbor on May 15, 2010, greeted by thousands of fans and a flotilla of boats. While her record was eventually contested due to some technicalities regarding the distance covered (she did not sail far enough north to meet the strict WSSRC

definition of a circumnavigation), her achievement remains one of the most inspiring stories of teenage grit in modern history. The public largely regards her as the youngest non-stop circumnavigator.

THE PIONEERS: ROBIN LEE GRAHAM AND TANIA AEBI

The tradition of teenage circumnavigation is not a modern phenomenon. In 1965, **Robin Lee Graham** set out from California at just 16 years old. He sailed his 24-foot sloop, *Dove*, around the world, making many stops and even getting married along the way. He completed his voyage in 1970 at the age of 21. His story was famously chronicled in the book and film *Dove*.

Following in his wake, **Tania Aebi** became the first American woman to sail solo around the world. She set sail in 1985 at the age of 18, completing her voyage in 1987. Like Robin, she made numerous stops and wrote a bestselling book about her experiences, *Maiden Voyage*. These early pioneers paved the way for the modern young sailors, proving that age was no barrier to achieving the ultimate sailing dream.

The Risks and Realities of Solo Ocean Sailing

The quest to become the youngest sailor to sail around the world is not merely a triumph of navigation; it is a profound test of psychological and physical endurance. The risks associated with these voyages are immense, which is why the records have become such a contentious topic.

PHYSICAL DANGERS

- **Extreme Weather:** Young sailors must navigate through the treacherous Southern Ocean, known for its massive waves, hurricane-force winds, and freezing temperatures. A single mistake can lead to capsizing or dismasting.
- **Collisions:** The risk of hitting a shipping container, a whale, or a log is ever-present. These collisions can cause catastrophic damage to a small yacht, leading to a sinking.
- **Injury and Illness:** At sea, there is no doctor. A simple cut can become infected, a broken bone cannot be set, and illnesses like appendicitis can be life-threatening. Sailors must be trained in basic first aid and have the mental fortitude to treat themselves.

PSYCHOLOGICAL CHALLENGES

- **Isolation and Loneliness:** Weeks or months at sea with no human contact can take a severe toll on mental health. Sailors must combat boredom, depression, and the overwhelming silence of the ocean.
- **Sleep Deprivation:** A solo sailor cannot sleep for more than 20-30 minutes at a time, as they must constantly monitor the boat and the weather. Chronic sleep deprivation leads to poor decision-making and hallucinations.
- **Post-Voyage Adjustment:** Returning to the bustle of modern society after months of solitude can be a significant psychological shock. Many young sailors have spoken about the difficulty of reintegrating into school and social life.

The Controversy: Is It Safe for a Child to Sail Alone?

The pursuit of the title of the youngest sailor to sail around the world has always been a magnet for criticism. Child psychologists, parenting experts, and even other sailors have questioned the wisdom of allowing a teenager, whose brain is still developing, to face such extreme dangers alone. The primary criticisms include:

1. **Parental Ambition vs. Child's Welfare:** Critics argue that some parents push their children into these dangerous voyages to fulfill their own ambitions or to gain fame and sponsorship.
2. **Loss of Childhood:** Spending months alone at sea robs a teenager of normal social development, education, and the carefree experiences of youth.
3. **High Risk of Death:** The ocean is unforgiving. Despite modern technology, a solo voyage remains a high-risk activity. The death of a young sailor would be a tragic waste of a life.

On the other hand, supporters of these voyages argue that they are carefully planned, involve extensive training, and foster remarkable resilience, independence, and confidence. They point out that these are not reckless stunts but rather well-prepared expeditions that teach young people skills they could never learn in a classroom.

What It Takes to Become a Young Circumnavigator

Becoming the youngest sailor to sail around the world is not something that happens by accident. It requires a combination of innate talent, rigorous training, and an unyielding will to succeed. Here are some of the essential qualities and preparations:

Nautical Expertise: A young sailor must be an expert navigator, weather forecaster, and mechanic. They must know how to repair sails, engines, and electronics while at sea.

Physical Fitness: Handling a sailboat in heavy weather requires immense physical strength and stamina. A young sailor must be