

# Michael Watkins The First 90 Days

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## NAVIGATING LEADERSHIP TRANSITIONS: A DEEP DIVE INTO MICHAEL WATKINS' THE FIRST 90 DAYS

Few moments in a professional career are as pivotal—and as perilous—as a leadership transition. Whether you are stepping into a new role as a first-time manager, joining a new company as a senior executive, or being promoted within your organization, the initial months set the trajectory for long-term success. Yet, statistics paint a sobering picture: nearly 40% of senior-level hires fail within the first 18 months. The root cause is rarely a lack of technical skill or intelligence; more often, it is an inability to adapt to the new context and build essential momentum. This is precisely where Michael Watkins' landmark book, **The First 90 Days**, becomes an indispensable guide. First published in 2003 and updated in subsequent editions, the book provides a proven framework for accelerating through the critical transition period, turning a time of high risk into a launchpad for lasting achievement. In this article, we will explore the core principles of Watkins' methodology, examining how leaders can strategically navigate their first three months to build credibility, secure early wins, and establish a foundation for sustained success.

## The High Stakes of Every Transition

Watkins begins with a fundamental premise: transitions are a crucible for leaders. The decisions you make and the impressions you form in your first 90 days will echo throughout your tenure. During this period, you face unique challenges. You are operating with limited knowledge of the organization's culture, politics, and informal networks. Your stakeholders—bosses, peers, and direct reports—are watching carefully, forming judgments that are notoriously hard to change. Moreover, the pressure to deliver results quickly can lead to impulsive actions that damage relationships and erode trust. Watkins argues that the solution lies not in working harder, but in working smarter—applying a structured transition strategy that accounts for the specific demands of your new environment. He emphasizes that the key is to understand what he calls the "STARS" framework, a model that classifies business situations into five distinct types.

## Understanding the STARS Framework

One of the most powerful conceptual tools in **Michael Watkins The First 90 Days** is the STARS model, an acronym for five common business contexts: Start-up, Turnaround, Accelerated Growth, Realignment, and Sustaining Success. Watkins argues that the strategic approach you take must be tailored to the specific mix of opportunities and threats in your new role. Failing to diagnose your situation correctly is the single biggest mistake a new leader can make.

- **Start-up:** You are building something from scratch—a new division, a new product line, or a new team. The primary challenges are assembling resources, establishing processes, and creating a vision. Speed and decisive action are often rewarded.
- **Turnaround:** The organization or unit is in serious trouble. People are demoralized, financial performance is poor, and drastic changes are needed quickly. This demands a directive, sometimes even aggressive, leadership style where you must make tough calls early.
- **Accelerated Growth:** The business is already successful and growing rapidly. The challenge lies in scaling structures and systems without killing the entrepreneurial spirit. Your focus should be on building capacity, hiring the right talent, and institutionalizing processes.
- **Realignment:** Also known as "reorganization," this is perhaps the trickiest situation. The organization is fundamentally sound, but it has drifted from its strategic path or is underperforming relative to its potential. The key is to diagnose why it has stalled and re-energize it without causing unnecessary upheaval.
- **Sustaining Success:** You are taking the helm of a high-performing team or company. The risk here is complacency. Your job is to protect the core strengths while also encouraging the innovation needed to stay ahead of competition. A more consultative, evolutionary approach works best.

Identifying which STARS type—or combination of types—you face is the first step toward crafting an effective 90-day plan. Watkins advises leaders to be humble about their diagnosis and to actively seek diverse perspectives before settling on a strategy.

## Seven Core Strategies for the First 90 Days

Beyond the situational diagnosis, Watkins outlines seven fundamental strategies that every new leader should adopt during the transition period. These are not rigid steps but rather interconnected principles that help build momentum.

### 1. PROMOTE YOURSELF (MENTALLY)

Many new leaders continue to operate with the mindset of their previous role. Watkins calls this "the burden of the past." To succeed, you must let go of old habits and assumptions. If you were a star individual contributor, you must learn to delegate. If you were a turnaround expert, you may need to

adopt a more collaborative style in a startup. This mental transition requires deliberate reflection and a willingness to change your core behaviors.

### 2. ACCELERATE YOUR LEARNING

You cannot lead effectively until you thoroughly understand your new environment. Watkins suggests a structured learning plan that includes systematic interviews with key stakeholders, mapping the political landscape, and identifying the most critical sources of information. He warns against the trap of "action bias"—feeling you need to make immediate changes before you truly grasp the situation. Instead, invest the first few weeks in learning, using tools like the "learning agenda" and "listening tour."

### 3. MATCH STRATEGY TO SITUATION

As discussed, the STARS framework is central. Your 90-day plan must be customized to whether you are in a startup, turnaround, or sustaining success scenario. A strategy that works in one context can be disastrous in another. For instance, pushing for radical change in a sustained success environment will generate fierce resistance, while moving too slowly in a turnaround may sink the company.

### 4. SECURE EARLY WINS

Nothing builds credibility like tangible results. Early wins are not just about hitting arbitrary targets; they are about demonstrating that you understand the business and can make a positive impact. Watkins advises leaders to identify two or three achievable, visible goals that align with the organization's strategic priorities. These wins should be meaningful to stakeholders—they should solve a real problem, build team morale, or improve a key metric. The goal is to establish a pattern of success that creates momentum for larger changes.

### 5. ACHIEVE ALIGNMENT

A leader's effectiveness is only as great as the alignment of their team and organization around a common strategy. This means ensuring that the team's structure, processes, skills, and incentives are all pulling in the same direction. Often, misalignment is the root cause of underperformance. During your first 90 days, you should systematically assess whether the organization's architecture supports its strategic goals and begin making adjustments—but avoid massive restructuring too early.

### 6. BUILD YOUR TEAM

You cannot succeed alone. Watkins emphasizes the importance of evaluating your direct reports and making tough decisions about who should stay and who should go. This process must be both rigorous and fair. He recommends using a structured approach, such as conducting candid conversations, observing behavior under pressure, and seeking feedback from multiple sources. The goal is to build a cohesive leadership team that shares your vision and can execute effectively.

### 7. CREATE ALLIANCES

New leaders often underestimate the importance of lateral relationships. Peers in other departments can be critical allies or formidable obstacles. Watkins advises investing time in building a network of relationships—especially with those who control resources or have influence over your boss. This is not about political maneuvering for its own sake; it is about creating a support system that will help you drive change and overcome resistance.

## The Transition Risk Factors

Watkins also identifies several risk factors that can derail a transition. These include a mismatch between the leader's strengths and the situation (**for example, putting a startup specialist into a turnaround**), **a lack of cultural fit, or a failure to manage the expectations of a new boss. He stresses the importance of negotiating a clear mandate with your boss early on, establishing what success looks like, and agreeing on the level of autonomy you will have. This "contract" should be revisited as circumstances evolve. Another common pitfall is neglecting to support your family or personal life during the transition. A disruptive move often puts stress on personal relationships, which in turn affects professional performance. Watkins advises leaders to actively manage their own wellbeing during the stressful first months.**

## Applying the Framework in the Modern Workplace

While ***Michael Watkins The First 90 Days*** was originally written for traditional corporate environments, its principles have only grown in relevance. The modern workplace is characterized by rapid change, remote and hybrid teams, and increased complexity. The need for a disciplined transition process is perhaps greater than ever. Leaders today must navigate virtual relationships, decipher culture through video calls, and build trust without the benefit of in-person interactions. Watkins' emphasis on structured learning, early wins, and alliance building translates seamlessly into this new context. For example, a virtual listening tour can be conducted via scheduled video calls with key stakeholders across the organization. Early wins might involve streamlining a remote workflow or improving a digital collaboration tool. And creating alliances now requires deliberate outreach to colleagues you may never meet face-to-face.

Moreover, the STARS framework is more applicable than ever. Startups and accelerated growth companies are common, but so are turnarounds and realignments in legacy industries being disrupted by technology. A leader who enters a realignment situation—where an established company needs to adapt to digital transformation—must carefully diagnose the cultural resistance and re-energize the team without breaking what still works. The core lesson remains: one size does not fit all.

## Creating a Personal 90-Day Plan

Moving from theory to practice, Watkins provides a concrete template for building a personal 90-day plan. The plan begins with a self-assessment: What is your leadership style? What are your blind spots? Next, define your strategic intent for the 90-day period, grounded in the STARS diagnosis. Then break it down into phases:

1. **Days 1-30:** Focus on intense learning and relationship building. Conduct listening tours, study financials and metrics, and meet individually with direct reports and key stakeholders. Resist the urge to announce major changes.
2. **Days 31-60:** Identify and execute early wins. Begin to test your hypotheses about the organization. Start communicating your strategic priorities to the team. Build the team—evaluate roles, identify gaps, and consider whether you need to make personnel changes.
3. **Days 61-90:** Consolidate your learning and shift toward longer-term strategic planning. Begin to align the organization around your vision. Secure buy-in from upper management and peers. Establish a rhythm of regular reviews and accountability.

Throughout this process, Watkins advises maintaining a transition journal to track lessons learned and stay objective. He also recommends finding a trusted advisor or mentor outside the chain of command with whom you can discuss sensitive issues and test ideas.

## Conclusion: A Blueprint for Leadership Success

***Michael Watkins The First 90 Days*** is more than a book about onboarding—it is a comprehensive strategic framework for navigating one of the most challenging phases of leadership. By diagnosing your situation using the STARS model, adopting the seven core strategies, and creating a disciplined 90-day plan, you can dramatically increase your odds of success. The first three months in a new role are not a time for passive observation or impulsive action; they are a time for deliberate, strategic engagement. Whether you are taking on your first management role, joining a new company, or stepping into the C-suite, the principles Watkins outlines provide a road map to build credibility, avoid common pitfalls, and set the stage for a lasting positive impact. Ultimately, the difference between a leader who thrives and one who merely survives a transition often comes down to how intentionally they manage those first 90 days. By embracing this framework, you can turn a period of uncertainty into a platform for extraordinary achievement.