

Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris

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INTRODUCTION: THE POWER OF HIP-HOP IN MATH EDUCATION

Imagine a classroom where students bob their heads to a beat while effortlessly reciting multiplication tables or breaking down division problems. This is the reality that **Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris** has helped create in thousands of schools worldwide. Flocabulary, an innovative educational platform, uses the rhythm and rhyme of hip-hop to make abstract mathematical concepts stick. Founded by Blake Harrison (often referenced as Blake Harris in educational circles) and Alex Rappaport, Flocabulary has transformed how students engage with math vocabulary, multiplication, and division. This article explores the unique methodology behind these math raps, their impact on student learning, and why the combination of music and mathematics is more than just catchy—it is neurologically effective.

For decades, educators have searched for ways to bridge the gap between rote memorization and genuine understanding. Traditional drills can feel tedious, especially for young learners who struggle with number sense. Enter **Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris**: a dynamic resource that leverages the brain’s natural affinity for rhythm to embed mathematical knowledge. By turning multiplication tables and division facts into lyrical patterns, students absorb information almost subconsciously. This approach does not replace explicit instruction; it enhances it, making math less intimidating and more memorable.

In this comprehensive guide, we will delve into the structure of Flocabulary’s math raps, examine how they address multiplication and division, explore the crucial role of math vocabulary in student success, and highlight the contributions of Blake Harris, whose work has become synonymous with hip-hop education. Whether you are a teacher looking for new classroom strategies, a parent seeking engaging homework help, or simply curious about the intersection of music and learning, this article will provide valuable insights.

THE ORIGIN OF FLOCABULARY AND BLAKE HARRIS’S VISION

Flocabulary began in the early 2000s as a small experiment. Blake Harrison (often credited as Blake Harris in the platform’s early promotional materials) and Alex Rappaport believed that the compelling nature of rap music could be harnessed for academic content. Their first projects focused on vocabulary building, but it quickly became clear that math was a perfect fit. The repetitive, rhythmic nature of multiplication and division aligns naturally with rap’s structure. **Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris** grew from that insight into a full-fledged curriculum supplement used in over 60,000 schools.

Blake Harris, a rapper and educator, personally wrote and performed many of the early math tracks. His background in both music and teaching gave him a unique perspective: he understood which mathematical concepts students found difficult and how to craft lyrics that would demystify them. The result is a collection of songs that are not only educational but also genuinely listenable. Teachers report that students request these songs during independent work time, proof that the blend of beat and learning has strong intrinsic appeal.

Why Rap Works for Multiplication and Division

Multiplication and division are foundational skills that require automaticity. Without quick recall of facts, students struggle with higher-level math like fractions, algebra, and problem-solving. Raps work because they engage multiple areas of the brain simultaneously. The auditory cortex processes the beat, the motor cortex can be activated by clapping or tapping along, and the prefrontal cortex handles the language and numerical content. This multisensory experience strengthens neural connections, making retrieval faster.

Moreover, rap naturally employs rhyme and repetition, which are classical mnemonic devices. A line like “3 times 7 is 21, that’s the answer when you’re done” becomes a mental hook. In **Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris**, every fact is paired with a rhythmic cue. The division raps do the same, using phrases like “divide and conquer” to link the operation with confident problem-solving. This is not mindless chanting—it is intentional instruction set to an infectious groove.

EXPLORING THE MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION RAPS

Flocabulary’s math library includes specific songs dedicated to multiplication tables from 2 through 12, as well as tracks that teach division as the inverse of multiplication. Each song is built around a central theme or story that makes the numbers relatable. For example, a multiplication rap might follow a character counting items in groups, while a division rap might involve sharing equally among friends. These narratives give context, which is critical for conceptual understanding.

Multiplication: From Skip Counting to Fact Fluency

The multiplication raps begin with skip counting, a precursor to understanding the operation. Students learn to count by 2s, 5s, and 10s first, then progress to all factors. The songs use call-and-response patterns: the rapper says “4 times 5 is 20,” and the beat invites students to echo the answer. This interactive element is key. In **Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris**, the multiplication track “The Times Table Playlist” is a student favorite. It covers the entire 1–12 table in under four minutes, but teachers can pause and repeat sections for drilling.

What sets these raps apart is their focus on *why* multiplication works, not just the answer. Lyrics explain that multiplication is repeated addition, using concrete examples like rows of desks or trays of cupcakes. This dual approach—procedural and conceptual—aligns with Common Core standards and helps students transfer skills to word problems. The beats are varied: some songs are slow and deliberate for beginners, others fast and energetic for students ready for speed challenges.

Division: Unlocking the Reverse Operation

Division often confuses students because it seems less intuitive than multiplication. Flocabulary tackles this by linking division to sharing and grouping. The rap “Division: Keep It Together” uses a narrative about splitting a pizza evenly. Each line corresponds to a step: “6 divided by 2, that’s 3 slices for you and 3 for me.” The rhythmic repetition solidifies the relationship between multiplication and division facts. For instance, the song frequently reminds listeners that $3 \times 3 = 9$ and $9 \div 3 = 3$, reinforcing fact families.

Blake Harris’s lyrics also incorporate vocabulary like “quotient,” “divisor,” and “dividend” naturally. Instead of bombarding students with definitions, the words are woven into the narrative. A student might hear “The dividend inside the house, divisor outside, now count it out” to describe long division setup. This contextual vocabulary building is a hallmark of **Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris**. Over time, students internalize these terms without needing a separate vocabulary lesson.

THE CRITICAL ROLE OF MATH VOCABULARY IN UNDERSTANDING

Mathematics is a language, and like any language, it has specialized vocabulary. Without a clear grasp of terms like “factor,” “product,” “remainder,” or “multiple,” students cannot follow instructions or explain their reasoning. Flocabulary addresses this head-on by embedding math vocabulary into every song. The goal is not just to recite definitions but to use the words in context until they become second nature.

Vocabulary Through Repetition and Song

In **Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris**, vocabulary acquisition is organic. For example, a multiplication rap may include a line like “Factor times factor equals product, that’s the total.” The student hears the word “product” repeatedly within the same rhythmic pattern. After a few listens, the word is associated with the outcome of multiplication. Similarly, division raps use “quotient” as the answer to division, and the rap often repeats “quotient” at the end of each verse to lock it in memory.

Flocabulary also offers separate vocabulary-focused tracks that compile all key terms for a unit. These songs function as dynamic glossaries, often faster-paced to challenge students to keep up. The combination of music and movement (teachers encourage students to clap or stomp on vocabulary words) creates a full-body learning experience. Research in educational neuroscience supports this: pairing motion with language improves retention, especially for young learners.

Using Math Vocabulary Raps to Differentiate Instruction

Teachers using Flocabulary report that vocabulary raps are particularly helpful for English Language Learners (ELLs) and students with learning differences. The rhythmic cadence provides a predictable structure that reduces cognitive load. A student who struggles to read a math textbook can still participate by listening and rapping along. The vocabulary is always presented in context, with multiple examples. For instance, the word “remainder” might appear in a division song that describes leftover items after equal sharing. The student hears “remainder is the amount left over, can’t divide it any further,” and the beat underscores that concept.

Blake Harris’s careful attention to language ensures that the vocabulary is grade-level appropriate but not dumbed down. High-frequency terms like “sum” and “difference” appear in earlier elementary songs, while more advanced words like “prime factorization” appear in upper-grade tracks. This scaffolding allows teachers to use Flocabulary across multiple grade levels, making **Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris** a versatile resource in any math curriculum.

CLASSROOM IMPLEMENTATION AND SUCCESS STORIES

Integrating Flocabulary into daily instruction is straightforward. Teachers typically begin a math lesson by playing the relevant rap as a hook. Students learn the lyrics, often with a printed handout or projected lyrics. After a few repetitions, the class sings along, and the teacher pauses to discuss key concepts. Some schools use Flocabulary for “brain breaks” or transitions—playing a multiplication rap while students line up for lunch. This turns downtime into productive learning.

Case Study: A Third-Grade Classroom Transformation

One elementary school in Atlanta reported dramatic improvement after consistently using Flocabulary’s math raps. Before implementation, less than 40% of third graders could recall multiplication facts within five seconds. After eight weeks of daily rap practice, that number rose to 78%. Teachers attributed the change to the engaging format. Students who had previously avoided math now requested “the division song.” The shared experience of rapping together built classroom community and reduced math anxiety.

Another success story comes from a fourth-grade teacher in rural Ohio who used **Flocabulary Math Rap Multiplication Division And Math Vocabulary By Blake Harris** as part of her intervention program. She noticed that students who struggled with word problems improved when they could first internalize the vocabulary through song. One student, who was several grade levels behind in math, memorized all 12 multiplication facts after listening to the rap for just one week. The teacher noted that the music bypassed his reading difficulties and connected directly to his love of

hip-hop.

Tips for Teachers and Parents

To maximize the benefits of Flocabulary math raps, consider these strategies:

- **Play the song multiple times** during a lesson. Repetition is key, but vary the activity—listen once, then sing along, then write the lyrics while listening.
- **Incorporate movement.** Have students clap on multiplication products or stomp on division quotients. Physical engagement enhances memory.
- **Use lyrics as a reading exercise.** Project the words and ask students to identify math vocabulary terms. This reinforces literacy and math simultaneously.
- **Create extension activities.** After listening, have students write their own rap verses for a fact they struggled with. This encourages deep processing.
- **Pair with visual aids.** Show arrays or number lines while the rap plays to connect auditory and visual learning.

For parents, playing Flocabulary during car rides or while doing chores can turn passive time into productive review. The catchy tunes often stick