
The Odyssey Translated By Robert Fitzgerald

THE ART OF THE TRANSLATOR: WHO WAS ROBERT FITZGERALD
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INTRODUCTION: A TIMELESS EPIC REIMAGINED FOR THE MODERN READER

For over two millennia, Homer's **The Odyssey** has stood as a cornerstone of Western literature, a sprawling epic of adventure, resilience, and the aching pull of home. Yet for many, accessing this ancient masterpiece in its original Greek feels like an insurmountable challenge. This is where the translator steps in to bridge the chasm of time and language. Among the many interpreters of Homer's work, one name stands with singular authority and popularity: Robert Fagles. When readers seek an edition that combines scholarly rigor with breathtaking poetry, they often turn to **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles**. This version is not merely a translation; it is a vibrant, living act of recreation, delivering the thunder of the sea, the cunning of Odysseus, and the raw emotion of a hero's journey into the hands of a contemporary audience. In this article, we will explore what makes this translation so celebrated, how it compares to others, and why it remains the definitive choice for many who wish to sail alongside the great adventurer.

FAGLES?

Before delving into the text itself, it is essential to understand the mind behind the words. Robert Fagles (1933-2008) was a distinguished professor of comparative literature at Princeton University. His life's work was dedicated to making the great classics of antiquity accessible without sacrificing their grandeur. Fagles was not a linguist in the dry, academic sense; he was a poet-translator. He believed that a translation should convey not just the dictionary meaning of words, but the music, the rhythm, and the dramatic force of the original. His approach to **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles** was a labor of love spanning nearly a decade. He famously described the process of translation as one of listening—to the sounds of Homer, to the cadence of English, and to the heartbeat of the characters. This dedication is palpable on every page.

A Translation Born of the

Theater

Fagles had a deep affinity for the dramatic arts. He viewed **The Odyssey** not as a dusty text to be dissected, but as a performance to be heard. This theatrical sensibility is a hallmark of his style. His sentences are built for the speaking voice; they flow with a natural energy that invites reading aloud. This focus on oral delivery is profoundly faithful to Homer's original context, as the epics were composed to be sung or recited, not silently read. When you read **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles**, you can feel the presence of a storyteller holding an audience spellbound.

WHAT MAKES THE FAGLES TRANSLATION STAND OUT?

Many translations of **The Odyssey** are available, from the formal hexameters of Richmond Lattimore to the more contemporary prose of Emily Wilson. So what is it about the Fagles version that has earned it such a dominant place on bookshelves and in classrooms?

Lyrical Power and Accessibility

The primary achievement of **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles** is its remarkable balance between accuracy and

poetry. Fagles uses a free, five-beat iambic line that gives his English a natural, breathing rhythm. He avoids archaic diction like "thee" and "thou," opting instead for a language that feels timeless rather than medieval. He captures the epithets—the "rosy-fingered Dawn" and "wine-dark sea"—with fresh intensity, never letting them become clichés. The result is a text that feels both ancient and immediate. Readers who have struggled with stiffer translations often find that Fagles allows the story to surge forward with an unprecedented momentum.

Character and Emotion

Homer's genius lies in his characters, and Fagles renders them with extraordinary vividness. His Odysseus is not just a clever strategist; he is a man of deep sorrow, longing, and rage. Fagles captures the subtle shifts in the hero's mood—the despair on Calypso's island, the excitement of the voyage, the cold fury of the slaughter of the suitors. Similarly, Penelope is not a passive figure waiting at the loom. Fagles gives her a quiet strength and intelligence that makes her a fitting match for her husband. Even minor characters like Eumaeus the swineherd or Nausicaa the princess feel fully realized, their dialogues crackling with life. This deep empathy for the characters is a crucial reason why **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles** feels so emotionally resonant.

A COMPARATIVE LOOK: FAGLES VS. OTHER

TRANSLATION KEY THEMES IN THE FAGLES TRANSLATION

To appreciate the specific contribution of Fagles, it helps to place him in the context of other famous translations.

- **Richmond Lattimore (1965)**: Lattimore is considered the most "literal" translator. He follows the Greek line count and syntax very closely. However, this fidelity often results in a stilted, inverted English that can be difficult to read. While excellent for scholarly close-reading, it lacks the narrative drive of Fagles. **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles** is far more fluid and narrative-driven.
- **Allen Mandelbaum (1990)**: Mandelbaum offers a polished, elegant translation, but some critics find it less dynamic than Fagles. Fagles' version has an earthier, more visceral quality.
- **Emily Wilson (2017)**: Wilson made history as the first woman to publish a full English translation of **The Odyssey**. Her version is famous for its clarity, its use of iambic pentameter, and its sharp, modern sensibility. It is a worthy and brilliant successor to Fagles. However, Wilson's translation is sometimes more pared-down and concise. **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles** often feels more expansive and operatic, leaning into the epic's grandeur and repetition.

For many readers, Fagles offers the sweet spot: the scholarly integrity of Lattimore combined with the poetic grace of Fitzgerald, but with a dramatic flair all his own.

How does the Fagles translation illuminate the core themes of **The Odyssey**?

Xenia: The Law of Hospitality

The Greek concept of *xenia* is central to the epic. Fagles translates these interactions with a keen sense of social ritual. When Telemachus welcomes the disguised Athena, or when the Phaeacians host Odysseus, the language is formal, respectful, and laden with meaning. Conversely, the violation of *xenia* by the suitors is rendered with a sense of moral outrage. Fagles' phrasing makes it clear that these are not just social faux pas; they are cosmic offenses.

Nostos: The Pain of Homecoming

Nostos, the Greek word for homecoming, is the engine of the plot. Fagles captures the agony of this journey with searing clarity. Odysseus's tears as he listens to the bard sing of Troy, his longing for the smoke rising from Ithaca, and the final, terrible reunion with his wife are written with a psychological depth that feels modern. **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles**

makes the reader feel every mile of the hero's ten-year voyage.

Kleos: The Glory of the Hero

Fagles also masterfully handles the theme of *kleos* (fame or glory). Odysseus is a man obsessed with his reputation, yet he also yearns for the anonymity of home. The translation captures this internal conflict, making Odysseus a complex, flawed, and deeply human figure.

THE ENDURING LEGACY AND PRACTICAL IMPACT

Since its publication in 1996, **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles** has become the standard text for millions of students and general readers. It is the version most commonly used in high school and college humanities courses. Its influence extends beyond academia; the rhythmic, powerful language of this translation has shaped how modern writers and poets understand the epic.

A Translation for the Ear and the Eye

One of the practical reasons for its success is its suitability for audio. The audiobook of the Fagles translation, narrated by Sir Ian McKellen, is a masterpiece in its own right. McKellen's

dramatic reading perfectly complements Fagles's theatrical style, creating an immersive experience that brings the epic to life for a new generation. If you are looking for a text that works equally well on the page and as an audiobook, **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles** is the gold standard.

Why It Remains the Go-To Choice

In a market saturated with translations, Fagles continues to dominate. This is not due to a lack of competition, but because of the translation's sheer readability and emotional impact. It respects the original text without becoming a slave to it. It is modern without being anachronistic. It is poetic without being pretentious. For a reader wishing to experience the full sweep of Homer's epic for the first time, or for a scholar looking for a fresh perspective, this translation offers an open door.

HOW TO READ THE FAGLES ODYSSEY: A BEGINNER'S GUIDE

If you are new to **The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles**, here are a few tips to enhance your reading experience:

1. **Read it aloud:** Even in private, whisper the words. The cadence of Fagles's language is meant to be heard.
2. **Use the map and glossary:** Most editions include a useful map of the Greek world and a glossary of names. Do

not skip these; they are invaluable for keeping track of the many characters and locations.

3. **Start with Books 1-4 (The Telemachy):** The story begins not with Odysseus, but with his son. This can be disorienting, but it builds essential context. Stick with it.
4. **Pay attention to the similes:** Homer is famous for his extended similes (e.g., "like a lion stalking prey"). Fagles renders these with breathtaking beauty.

By following these simple steps, you will unlock the full power of this magnificent translation.

CONCLUSION: THE ODYSSEY FOR OUR TIME

The Odyssey translated by Robert Fagles is more than just a

reliable version of an ancient text. It is a monumental work of English literature in its own right. Fagles took the dusty bones of an epic from a forgotten world and breathed into them a fire that still burns brightly today. He gave us an Odysseus who cries, who schemes, who loves, and who fights—a hero for the ages, rendered in language that feels immediate and vital. Whether you are reading it for the first time for a class, or returning to it as a lifelong companion, the Fagles translation offers a voyage as thrilling as any Odysseus undertook. It reminds us that the journey home is the most important journey of all, and that great storytelling can indeed withstand the test of millennia. This translation is a bridge between worlds, and crossing it is an experience you will not soon forget.