
How To Keep Flies Away

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How To Keep Flies Away by Weber & Schneider

THE UNINVITED GUEST: WHY FLIES NEED TO GO

There is a distinct annoyance that comes with the high-pitched buzz of a fly circling your head, landing on your food, or congregating near a window. These insects are more than just a nuisance; they are vectors for disease, carrying bacteria from decaying matter, garbage, and animal waste directly into your home. Understanding **how to keep flies**

away is not merely about comfort—it is about maintaining a healthy, hygienic living environment. Flies can contaminate surfaces, spoil meals, and create an atmosphere of uncleanness that undermines the peace of your home. This guide will provide you with a complete, actionable strategy for fly prevention and elimination, using a combination of sanitation, natural deterrents, and physical barriers.

UNDERSTANDING THE ENEMY: FLY

ATTRACTION

Before you can effectively repel flies, you must understand what draws them to your property. Flies have an extraordinary sense of smell, capable of detecting food sources from significant distances. They are primarily attracted to three things: food, warmth, and breeding sites.

What Attracts Flies to Your Home?

- **Decaying organic matter:** This is the

primary **BEHAVIOR AND** attractant.

Rotting fruit, vegetable scraps, pet waste, and even dead insects provide ideal feeding and breeding grounds.

- **Standing water:** Stagnant water in clogged gutters, birdbaths, or plant saucers is a perfect location for flies to lay eggs.
- **Warmth and light:** On cooler days, flies seek warmth. They are also drawn to reflective surfaces and bright windows, which explains why they often gather at glass panes.

- **Strong odors:** Open garbage bins, compost piles, and spilled food create a powerful scent trail that guides flies directly to your home.

STEP ONE: SANITATION AND SOURCE REMOVAL

The most effective method for **how to keep flies away** starts with eliminating what draws them in. If you remove the food source, the flies will have no reason to stay.

Managing Your Kitchen

and Food Waste

Your kitchen is the most vulnerable area. Flies are experts at finding even the smallest crumb. To maintain a fly-free kitchen, follow these guidelines:

- **Take out the trash daily:** Never let garbage sit overnight, especially if it contains food scraps. Use a bin with a tight-sealing lid.
- **Clean up spills immediately:** A drop of juice or a crumb of bread is a feast for a fly. Wipe down countertops and sweep floors

after every meal.

- **Store fruit properly:**

Overripe fruit is a major attractant. Keep fruit in the refrigerator or under a mesh cover. Check your fruit bowl daily and remove any pieces that are starting to spoil.

- **Clean your sink and disposal:**

Food particles can get trapped in drains. Flush your garbage disposal with hot water and vinegar, and scrub your sink drain regularly.

- **Seal pantry items:**

Transfer dry goods like flour, sugar, and cereal into airtight containers. This

prevents flies (and other pantry pests) from accessing them.

Outdoor Sanitation: The First Line of Defense

If your yard is a breeding ground for flies, they will inevitably find their way inside. Controlling the outdoor environment is a critical step in **how to keep flies away** from your home.

- **Manage pet waste:** Pick up

dog feces from your yard immediately. Flies are highly attracted to animal waste and will breed in it.

- **Secure garbage bins:** Keep outdoor trash cans away from doors and windows. Ensure lids are securely fastened. Rinse bins out periodically to remove residue.
- **Maintain your compost pile:** A well-managed compost pile should not smell. Avoid adding meat, dairy, or oily foods. Cover fresh scraps with a layer of dry leaves or sawdust to reduce odors.

- **Check for dead animals:** A dead rodent or bird in your yard or under your deck is a major fly attractant. Remove it immediately if found.
- **Keep gutters clean:** Clogged gutters hold stagnant water and rotting leaves, creating a perfect nursery for flies.

STEP TWO: PHYSICAL BARRIERS AND EXCLUSION

Once you have cleaned up the attractants, the next step in **how to keep flies away** is to physically prevent them from entering your home. This is often the most reliable

method.

Install and Maintain Screens

Window and door screens are your home's first line of defense. However, they only work if they are in good condition.

- **Repair holes:**

Inspect all screens for tears, holes, or gaps. Patch small holes with screen repair tape or replace the entire screen if necessary.

- **Screen doors:**

Install a well-fitting screen door on

frequently used entrances. A self-closing screen door is ideal, as it prevents flies from slipping in behind you.

- **Check for gaps:**

Flies can squeeze through surprisingly small openings. Use caulk to seal gaps around window frames, door frames, and where utility lines enter your home.

Use Door Sweeps and Weathers

tripping

The bottom of doors is a common entry point for flies. A simple door sweep can make a significant difference.

- **Install door sweeps:** Attach a door sweep to the bottom of exterior doors. This creates a seal that blocks insects from crawling or flying underneath.
- **Replace weatherstripping:** Over time, weatherstripping around doors can become brittle or compressed. Replace it to ensure a tight seal when the door is closed.

Strategic Use of Fans and Airflow

Flies are weak fliers. A simple ceiling fan or a strategically placed box fan can make a room virtually inaccessible to them.

- **Create a breeze:** Place a fan on your porch or near an open window. The constant airflow makes it difficult for flies to land and navigate, effectively pushing them away from entry points and outdoor dining areas.

- **Keep air moving indoors:** Using ceiling fans inside your home helps to disrupt fly flight paths and can make the environment less inviting.

STEP THREE: NATURAL DETERRENTS AND REPELLENTS

For those who prefer not to use chemical insecticides, there are several effective natural methods for **how to keep flies away**. These deterrents use scents and substances that flies naturally dislike.

Essential

Oils That Repel Flies

Many essential oils have potent insect-repelling properties. They are safe for use around children and pets when used correctly.

- **Peppermint oil:**
Flies cannot stand the strong, sharp scent of peppermint. Mix 10-15 drops of peppermint essential oil with water in a spray bottle and mist around windows, doors, and outdoor seating areas.
- **Eucalyptus oil:**
Lemon eucalyptus oil is

a well-known natural repellent. Add a few drops to a diffuser or create a spray to use around the home.

- **Lavender oil:** The pleasant floral scent of lavender is calming to humans but repulsive to flies. Place dried lavender sachets near windows or use lavender oil in a diffuser.
- **Tea tree and citronella:** Both have strong, antiseptic scents that flies actively avoid. Diffuse them indoors or add them to cleaning solutions for a dual-purpose effect.

Herbs and Plants That Deter Flies

Growing certain plants around your home can act as a living barrier against flies. These plants release airborne compounds that naturally repel insects.

- **Basil:** This culinary herb is highly effective at repelling flies. Keep a pot of basil on your kitchen windowsill or near your back door.

- **Mint:** Mint is a vigorous grower and an excellent fly deterrent. Plant it in pots around patios and entrances.
- **Lavender:** As mentioned, lavender is both beautiful and functional. Plant it along walkways and near windows.
- **Rosemary and sage:** These woody herbs can be planted near grills and outdoor dining areas. Throwing a sprig of rosemary on the coals of a grill also releases a pleasant, fly-repelling smoke.

DIY Fly Traps

While traps are a reactive measure, they are very effective at reducing an existing fly population. Learning **how to keep flies away** sometimes requires removing the ones that are already present.

- **Apple cider vinegar trap:**
Pour a small amount of apple cider vinegar into a jar. Cover the top with plastic wrap and poke a few small holes in it. Flies are drawn to the vinegar, enter through the holes, and cannot escape.
- **Red wine trap:**

STUBBORN flies have the smell of fermented liquids. Leave a bottle with a small amount of leftover red wine open on the counter. The narrow neck prevents many flies from finding their way out.

- **Sticky traps:** Yellow sticky traps are non-toxic and can be hung near windows or garbage areas. They are particularly effective for monitoring and reducing indoor fly activity.

STEP FOUR: ADVANCED PREVENTION FOR

INFESTATIONS

If you have a persistent fly problem that resists basic methods, you may need to take more intensive action. Understanding **how to keep flies away** in these situations requires identifying specific problem areas.

Dealing with Drain Flies

If you are seeing tiny, moth-like flies around your sinks and showers, you likely have drain flies. These insects breed in the organic film that accumulates inside drains.

- **Clean your drains:** Pour a solution of baking soda and vinegar down the drain, followed by boiling water. This will break up the organic slime where drain flies breed.
- **Scrub the pipes:** Use a stiff brush to physically scrub the inside of drain pipes if the infestation is severe.
- **Run water regularly:** Flies need stagnant conditions to breed. Running water through rarely used drains every few days will prevent them from settling.

Outdoor Fly Control Devices

For large outdoor areas like patios, decks, and barns, you may need stronger measures.

- **Electric bug zappers:** While these are controversial due to their impact on beneficial insects, they can be effective for controlling flies in specific areas. Place them away from where people sit, as they can attract flies to the area.
- **Fly traps with bait:** Commercially

available fly bags use a non-toxic attractant to lure flies into a disposable bag where they dehydrate and die. Place these traps at the perimeter of your property, away from doors and windows. They are highly effective but have a strong odor, so placement is key.

- **Insecticide sprays:** Use outdoor-grade, fly-specific insecticides sparingly. Apply them to garbage bins, patios, and other non-vegetated areas. Always follow label instructions and consider the impact on

pollinators.

SEASONAL FLY PREVENTION: A YEAR-ROUND STRATEGY

Fly activity changes with the seasons. A proactive approach to **how to keep flies away** means adapting your strategy throughout the year.

Spring and Summer: High Alert

Warmer months are prime fly season. This is when you should be most vigilant.

- **Inspect screens:** Early spring is the time to repair or

replace window and door screens before flies become active.

- **Start natural repellents early:** Begin using essential oil sprays and placing potted deterrent herbs outside as soon as temperatures warm up.
- **Be vigilant with waste:** In summer, food decomposes faster. Take out trash more frequently and keep outdoor bins in the shade to reduce odor.

Fall and Winter:

Prevention and Exclusion

As temperatures drop, flies seek warmth and shelter indoors. Cluster flies, in particular, are known for entering homes in large numbers during the fall.

- **Seal cracks and crevices:** Inspect the exterior of your home for any gaps or cracks in the foundation, siding, or around windows. Seal them with caulk or expanding foam.
- **Check attics and basements**