

---

# Who Killed Martin Luther King

---

*Who Killed Martin  
Luther King*

*Downloaded from  
[evoluir.abar.org.br](http://evoluir.abar.org.br) by  
Yang & Black*

---

## **THE ASSASSINATION OF A DREAM: UNRAVELING WHO KILLED MARTIN LUTHER KING JR.**

---

On the evening of April 4, 1968, a single gunshot at the Lorraine Motel in Memphis, Tennessee, ended the life of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., the most prominent leader of the American civil rights movement. The question of **who killed Martin Luther King** has been officially answered by the U.S.

government: James Earl Ray, a small-time criminal and escaped convict, pleaded guilty to the murder in 1969. However, more than five decades later, the case remains shrouded in controversy, speculation, and unresolved questions. Many Americans and scholars continue to ask not just who pulled the trigger, but who may have been behind the assassination. This article delves into the man officially convicted, the evidence against him, the persistent conspiracy theories, and the lasting impact of Dr. King's murder on the nation's conscience.

# The Man Convicted: James Earl Ray

James Earl Ray was born in 1928 in Alton, Illinois, into a poor and troubled family. He had a long criminal record, including armed robbery and forgery, and had served time in several prisons. In 1967, Ray escaped from the Missouri State Penitentiary using a bread truck. He remained a fugitive for over a year, living under various aliases and moving across the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

According to the official account, Ray

purchased a high-powered Remington 760 Gamemaster rifle under the alias "Eric S. Galt" and drove to Memphis. On April 4, 1968, he checked into a rooming house at 422 South Main Street, which had a bathroom window overlooking the rear of the Lorraine Motel. At 6:01 p.m., as Dr. King stood on the motel's balcony speaking with aides, a single shot struck him in the right side of his jaw, severing his spinal cord. He died within an hour at St. Joseph's Hospital.

Ray fled Memphis, drove to Atlanta, then to Canada, and eventually to London, where he was apprehended at Heathrow Airport on June 8, 1968, while attempting to fly to Rhodesia (now Zimbabwe). He was extradited to the United States and charged with murder.

## **EVIDENCE AND CONTROVERSIES:**

### **THE GUILTY PLEA AND IMMEDIATE RECANTATION**

Under intense pressure from prosecutors and fearing the death penalty, James Earl Ray pleaded guilty on March 10, 1969, just before jury selection was to begin. He was sentenced to 99 years in prison. However, only three days after entering the plea, Ray recanted, claiming he was coerced by his attorney, Percy Foreman, and that he was innocent. He maintained that he had been set up as a patsy in a larger conspiracy. For the rest of his life, Ray fought to prove his innocence, repeatedly requesting a trial by jury. He died in prison in 1998 at the age of 70.

---

### **WAS RAY THE LONE GUNMAN?**

The official case against James Earl Ray relied heavily on circumstantial evidence. The rifle found near the rooming house was traced to his purchase. His fingerprint was found on the weapon. Witnesses placed him near the scene. Ray's own movements, including his use of aliases and his flight overseas, were presented as evidence of guilt by a man who knew he was responsible.

Yet critics have pointed out numerous weaknesses in the prosecution's case. The rifle was not tested for fingerprints until much later, and some reports claim there was no direct proof that Ray fired it. The gunshot residue tests were

inconclusive. Moreover, Ray's attorneys later argued that someone else—a man they called "Raoul"—had actually recruited Ray to engage in a smuggling operation, not to assassinate a civil rights leader. The alleged "Raoul" was never identified or found.

## Conspiracy Theories: Who Else Might Have Been Involved?

The assassination of Dr. King, like that of President John F. Kennedy, spawned a vast array of conspiracy theories. The

core belief among many researchers is that James Earl Ray did not act alone and may have been a mere triggerman or an unwitting pawn. The most persistent theories involve the following groups or entities:

- **The U.S. Government and FBI:**

Dr. King was under heavy surveillance by J. Edgar Hoover's FBI, which viewed him as a communist subversive. Hoover famously described King as "the most dangerous man in America." The Bureau attempted to discredit him through the COINTELPRO program. While no direct evidence links the FBI to the murder, many believe that government hostility created an environment where the

assassination was possible.

- **Organized Crime:** Memphis was a hub for illegal gambling and other vice operations. Some theorists argue that Mafia figures or local criminals—perhaps with connections to law enforcement—plotted the killing to remove King, who was planning a Poor People’s Campaign that threatened their business interests.
- **Racist Violence Networks:** White supremacist groups, such as the Ku Klux Klan or militant segregationists, could have collaborated with Ray or provided him with support. In the 1990s, a civil lawsuit filed by the King family suggested that Loyd Jowers, a

Memphis restaurant owner, was involved in a conspiracy with organized crime and local police. A jury found Jowers liable, but the verdict was not binding in criminal court.

- **The "Raoul" Mystery:** Ray’s own story involved a mysterious man named “Raoul” who he claimed hired him for apparently criminal tasks, only later discovering he was part of an assassination plot. Many investigators have dismissed this as a fabrication, but it remains a central point for those who doubt the official story.

## HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON

## ASSASSINATIONS (HSCA)

In 1976, the U.S. House of Representatives formed the Select Committee on Assassinations to investigate the murders of JFK and Martin Luther King. The HSCA concluded in 1979 that James Earl Ray was responsible for the assassination, but significantly, the committee also found that there was a “likelihood” that the assassination was the result of a conspiracy involving parties beyond Ray. The HSCA could not identify the other conspirators, but it did not rule out their existence. This conclusion has fueled decades of further investigation.

# The King Family's Long Search for the Truth

Perhaps no one has been more persistent in questioning the official narrative than Dr. King's own family. Coretta Scott King, Dr. King's widow, publicly stated she believed a conspiracy existed. She and her children, particularly Dexter King, met with James Earl Ray in prison and expressed doubts about his sole guilt. In 1998, the King family filed a wrongful death lawsuit

against Loyd Jowers, alleging Jowers was part of a plot involving the U.S. government. The jury in that trial found Jowers liable for conspiracy, but the U.S. Department of Justice declined to reopen the federal case.

In 2019, Dr. King's son, Martin Luther King III, and other family members called for a new investigation under the Trump administration, but no official action was taken. The family has consistently argued that revealing the full truth is essential for justice and for understanding the depth of opposition to the civil rights movement.

---

### **THE LEGACY OF AN UNSOLVED MYSTERY**

---

The question "Who killed Martin Luther King?" is not merely a historical puzzle.

It is tied to America's unresolved issues of race, violence, and political repression. The assassination was a devastating blow to the civil rights movement, occurring just as Dr. King was expanding his focus to include economic justice and opposition to the Vietnam War. His death sparked riots in over 100 cities and deepened the national trauma.

Today, the official answer remains James Earl Ray, but the doubt lingers. Polls over the years have shown that a majority of Black Americans believe a conspiracy was involved. Many historians and journalists, such as William F. Pepper (who represented Ray and the King family), have written extensively arguing the case against the lone-gunman theory. Meanwhile, government

documents related to the assassination remain partially sealed, fueling further suspicion.

## Conclusion

The murder of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. was a tragedy that changed the course of American history. While the legal system has identified **James Earl Ray** as the man who killed Martin Luther King, the broader question of who orchestrated the assassination has never been conclusively answered. The evidence for a conspiracy—ranging from FBI hostility to organized crime

involvement—is substantial enough that the U.S. government itself acknowledged a likely second party. Yet, without a full confession or definitive proof, the case remains one of the most compelling unsolved mysteries of the 20th century. For those who honor Dr. King's legacy, the search for truth continues. The absence of a complete answer does not diminish his dream, but it reminds us that justice, even for a great leader, is sometimes incomplete. The challenge for future generations is not only to uncover the facts but to create a society where such a question no longer needs to be asked.