
How To Draw Toothless Step By Step

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INTRODUCTION: THE ALLURE OF THE NIGHT FURY

For fans of **How to Train Your Dragon**, few characters are as beloved as Toothless. This sleek, enigmatic Night Fury is not just a dragon; he is an icon of animation, friendship, and expressive design. His jet-black scales, large golden eyes, and retractable teeth make him a fascinating subject for artists of all

skill levels. While his design appears simple at first glance, capturing his unique blend of cat-like grace and reptilian power requires a careful approach. This guide on **how to draw Toothless step by step** is designed to take you from a blank page to a finished sketch, breaking down the process into manageable, easy-to-follow stages. Whether you are a beginner picking up a pencil for the first time or a seasoned artist looking to refine your

technique, these instructions will help you bring the Night Fury to life. Let's embark on this creative journey, learning the fundamentals of shape, proportion, and shading as we recreate one of modern animation's most iconic creatures.

GATHERING YOUR TOOLS AND SETTING UP

Essential Drawing Materials

Before you begin your drawing, it is helpful to have the right tools on hand. You do not need expensive equipment to achieve a great result. Simple

materials often work best for tackling a tutorial like this one on **how to draw Toothless step by step**.

- **A Pencil:** A standard HB pencil is perfect for sketching initial lines. For darker lines and shading, a 2B or 4B pencil is ideal.
- **Paper:** Any smooth drawing paper or even standard printer paper will work. A slightly heavier paper is better if you plan to use an eraser heavily.
- **An Eraser:** A soft, kneaded eraser is excellent for lifting graphite without damaging the paper. A

standard plastic eraser also works well.

- **A Sharpener:** Keep your pencils sharp for fine details, especially around the eyes and teeth.
- **Reference Image:** Having a picture of Toothless nearby is a great help. It keeps your proportions accurate as you work through the steps.

Setting Your Workspac

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Find a quiet, well-lit space where you can focus. Good lighting is crucial for seeing the subtle values and shapes you will be creating. Position your reference image where you can see it easily without straining your neck. Remember, this is a process, so take your time. The step-by-step method is designed to be patient and forgiving.

UNDERSTANDING TOOTHLESS'S UNIQUE ANATOMY

To draw Toothless effectively, you must understand what makes him different from other dragons. His design blends a large, rounded head with a slender, flexible body. He is built for

speed and stealth. Key features include his large, expressive eyes, which are almost amphibian-like; his small, retractable teeth; and his membranous wings that resemble those of a bat. His tail fins are asymmetrical, a detail that is central to his character's story. This combination of chibi-like head proportions and a sleek, aerodynamic body is what makes him so appealing and distinct.

STEP 1: ESTABLISHING THE BASIC SHAPES

Every complex drawing starts with simple shapes. Resist the urge to jump into details immediately. Instead, think of this as building a framework.

1. The Head:

Begin by drawing a large, slightly flattened oval or circle near the top of your page. This will be the main shape for Toothless's head. Do not make it a perfect circle; it should be slightly wider at the bottom.

2. The Body:

Below the head, draw a smaller, elongated oval or a curved bean shape for the body. This shape should be angled slightly, suggesting movement. The body is much smaller than the head, which gives Toothless his cute, youthful appearance.

3. The Neck:

Connect the

head and body with two curved lines. These lines should be smooth and flow naturally from one shape to the other. The neck is quite flexible, allowing him to swivel his head.

4. **Guidelines:** Lightly draw a vertical line down the center of the head oval. Then, draw a horizontal line across the middle of the head oval. This "cross" will help you place the eyes and nose symmetrically. The horizontal line should be slightly lower than the center, as Toothless's eyes sit lower on his head.

STEP 2: SCULPTING THE HEAD AND FACE

Now that the basic shapes are in place, we can start refining the head. This is where the personality begins to emerge.

1. **Jawline:** Using the head oval as a guide, sketch a more defined jawline. Toothless has a somewhat soft, rounded jaw with a slight point at the chin. The sides of his head flare out slightly, giving him a gentle, friendly shape.
2. **The Snout:** Draw a flat, wide snout at the bottom of the head. It should be quite prominent but

not sharp. Use your reference to see how the snout connects to the rest of the face.

3. **The Nose:** At the tip of the snout, add a small, broad oval shape for the nose. He has small nostrils, often drawn as two tiny dots or slits. Keep them subtle.
4. **Ears:** On the top sides of the head, draw two small, rounded flaps. These are not large, pointy ears; they are more like subtle fins or folds. They sit behind the main head shape and are angled slightly outward.

STEP 3: THE EYES - WINDOWS TO THE SOUL

Toothless's eyes are arguably his most important feature. They are incredibly large, expressive, and a bright, luminous green (or yellow-green). This step is critical in our **how to draw Toothless step by step** guide.

1. **Placement:**

Draw two large, oval shapes on the horizontal guideline you created earlier. They should be quite large, taking up a significant portion of the face. The spacing between them is about the width of one eye.

2. **Shape:** The eyes are not perfect

circles. They are slightly elongated horizontally, with a slight upward tilt at the outer corners. The bottom of the eye is flatter than the top.

3. **Pupils and Irises:** Inside each eye, draw a large iris that fills most of the eye socket. The pupil is a narrow, vertical slit, similar to a cat's eye. This reptile/cat hybrid is key to his look. Fill the iris with a solid, dark tone, leaving the pupil as a small black slit in the center. Add a small white highlight in each eye to make them look shiny and alive.

4. **Brow Ridge:** Above each eye, add a curved, prominent brow ridge. This gives him a range of expressions. When relaxed, the ridge is gentle. When angry or focused, it angles downward.

STEP 4: ADDING THE HORNS AND DETAILS

Toothless is not a typical dragon with multiple spikes. He has a few distinct, smooth features.

1. **Horns:** On the back of his head, draw two small, curved horns. They are not large or threatening. They are slender, point backward,

and are often drawn to look like sleek, dark stone. They sit just above the jawline, behind the eyes.

2. **Mouth and**

Teeth: Draw a simple, curved line for the mouth. It is usually a subtle, neutral line. Below the mouth, barely visible, are his small, retractable teeth. Draw them as tiny, pointed triangles that just peek out from under the upper lip. Do not make them large or jagged.

3. **Spikes:** Along the back of his neck and head, add a row of small, flat spikes or ridges. They

run from the top of his head down his spine. They are not sharp; they are more like smooth, fin-like protrusions.

STEP 5: SHAPING THE BODY AND WINGS

Now we move down to the body. The body should be sleek and aerodynamic.

1. **Torso**

Refinement:

Using the bean shape as a guide, draw the final outline of the torso. It should be slender and muscular, curving down from the neck toward the tail. The chest is broader than the waist.

2. **The Wings:**

Toothless's wings are large and bat-like. They are attached to his back, just behind the shoulders. Start by drawing the main arm bone of the wing. It is a long, slender structure that extends outward and then curves down. From this arm, draw the webbing of the wing, which connects to the body and to a smaller "finger" bone. The wing has a distinct, scalloped edge. When folded, the wings rest neatly against his body. For a dynamic pose, draw them partially open.

3. **Legs and Paws:** Draw the front

legs as slender, jointed limbs ending in paws with small, blunt claws. The back legs are thicker and more powerful, similar to a big cat. The paws are large and rounded, almost like a dog's paws, with soft pads on the bottom. Draw them in a relaxed but ready stance.

STEP 6: THE TAIL - A CRUCIAL DISTINCTION

One of the most defining features of Toothless is his tail. It is not symmetrical.

1. **Tail Shaft:** Draw a long, tapering line from the back of the body. The tail is flexible and expressive,

often held up with a curl at the end.

2. **The Fins:** At the end of the tail, you will draw two fins. The left fin is large and broad, resembling a dolphin's tail. The right fin is small and damaged or tattered. This is a crucial detail from the story. The large fin is smooth and elegant, while the small one is ragged and incomplete. This asymmetry is a visual reminder of his bond with Hiccup.
3. **Fin Details:** Add subtle lines to the fins to show the membrane structure. The

large fin should feel strong and functional, while the small fin looks broken and weak.

STEP 7: REFINING THE LINES AND ADDING VALUE

With the main structure complete, it is time to clean up your sketch and add depth.

1. **Refining the Outline:**
Using your darker pencil (2B or 4B), carefully go over your final lines. Erase the initial constructio

n lines (the ovals and guidelines) so you have a clean drawing. Make the lines confident and smooth. Where the body overlaps (like the wing against the body), use darker lines to create contrast.

2. **Shading**

Base:

Toothless is black, but in art, "black" is rarely just pure black. Use layers

of pencil strokes to build up a dark gray or charcoal tone. Start by shading the underside of his body, the area under his chin, and the shadows cast by his wings. This creates a sense of volume and three-dimensionality.

3. **Highlights**

: The key to making a black dragon look good is contrast. Leave areas of

white paper for highlights. The top of his head, the bridge of his snout, and the tops of his wings should be lighter. This implies light shining on his sleek, smooth scales. You can also use an eraser to lift out highlights after shading.

4. **Scale**

Texture:

Do not draw every single scale.

Instead, suggest the texture by adding subtle, curved lines in groups along his body, especially on the wings and back. Keep it sparse to maintain his elegant, smooth look.

STEP 8: FINAL DETAILS AND BACKGROUND ELEMENTS

The final touches bring the drawing to life and give it a professional finish.

- **Eyes:** Go back and darken the pupils and the rims of the eyes. Make sure the white highlight is crisp. A tiny, sharp white dot can make a huge difference in his expression.
- **Teeth:** If visible, make the teeth a soft, clean white. Do not outline them heavily. They should blend softly into the dark lip.
- **Shadow on the Ground:** Add a simple, dark oval or shape beneath his paws to ground